

# The Lunar Rover Mini:

Towards a Versatile, Open-Source Mobile Robotic Platform for Educational and Experimental Purposes

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Knowledge for Tomorrow



# Motivation

## In-house DLR systems

- ✓ Modular software framework
- ✗ Expensive & complicated hardware
- ✗ Low availability



Lightweight Rover Unit (LRU), DLR <sup>1</sup>

## Comparable projects to LRM

- ✗ Limited development potential
- ✓ Low-cost & manageable hardware
- ✓ Easily reproducible



ExoMy, ESA <sup>2</sup>



# The Lunar Rover Mini



# The Lunar Rover Mini | **Hardware Overview**

- **Dimensions:** 36 x 26 x 39 cm (*L x W x H*)
- **Low-cost assembly:** ~ €2000,-
- **On-Board-Computer:** Intel NUC (i7)  
*OpenSuse Leap 15.4 OS*
- **Perception:** RealSense D435i  
*RGBD camera + IMU*
- **Power:** 14,9V LiPo battery
- **Communication:** WiFi



# The Lunar Rover Mini | Software Overview

- Links-and-Nodes (LN)
  - *Gamepad Control*
  - *Low level communication*
  - *Simulink motion control*
- ROS Melodic
  - *RTABmap SLAM*
  - *RMC Auto-Navigation*
- RAFCON<sup>6</sup> (future)
  - *High-level mission planning*

The screenshot displays the LN-manager interface. On the left, a tree view shows the process hierarchy under '01\_Controller/'. The 'gamepad\_control' process is selected and highlighted in blue. The right pane shows the details for 'Process: gamepad\_control', including its current state (ready), dependencies, and a list of dependencies such as 'LRM\_gamepad\_controller/0.2.0@morosnapshot' and 'liblinks\_and\_nodes/2.2.0@common/stable'. At the bottom, a terminal window shows the command 'gamepad\_lrm' and its output, which consists of repeated sensor data lines.

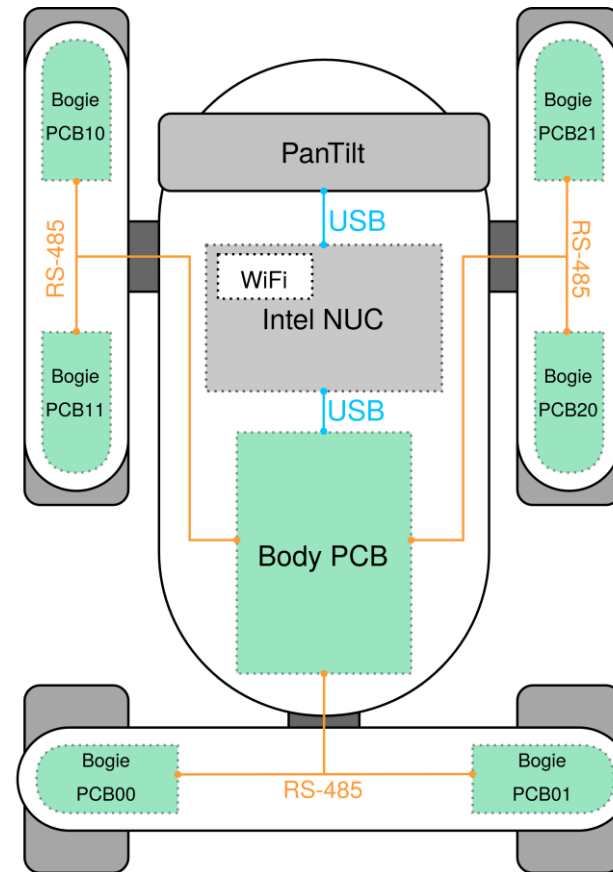
LN-manager





# The Lunar Rover Mini | Electronics

- Intel NUC
  - *Runs software framework*
  - *Collects perception measurements*
- Body PCB
  - *Manages communication to actuators*
  - *Collects actuator measurements*
- Bogie PCB's control wheel actuators
  - *Low-level PID control*
  - *Steering angle measurement*



System Components Overview



# The Lunar Rover Mini | Component Availability

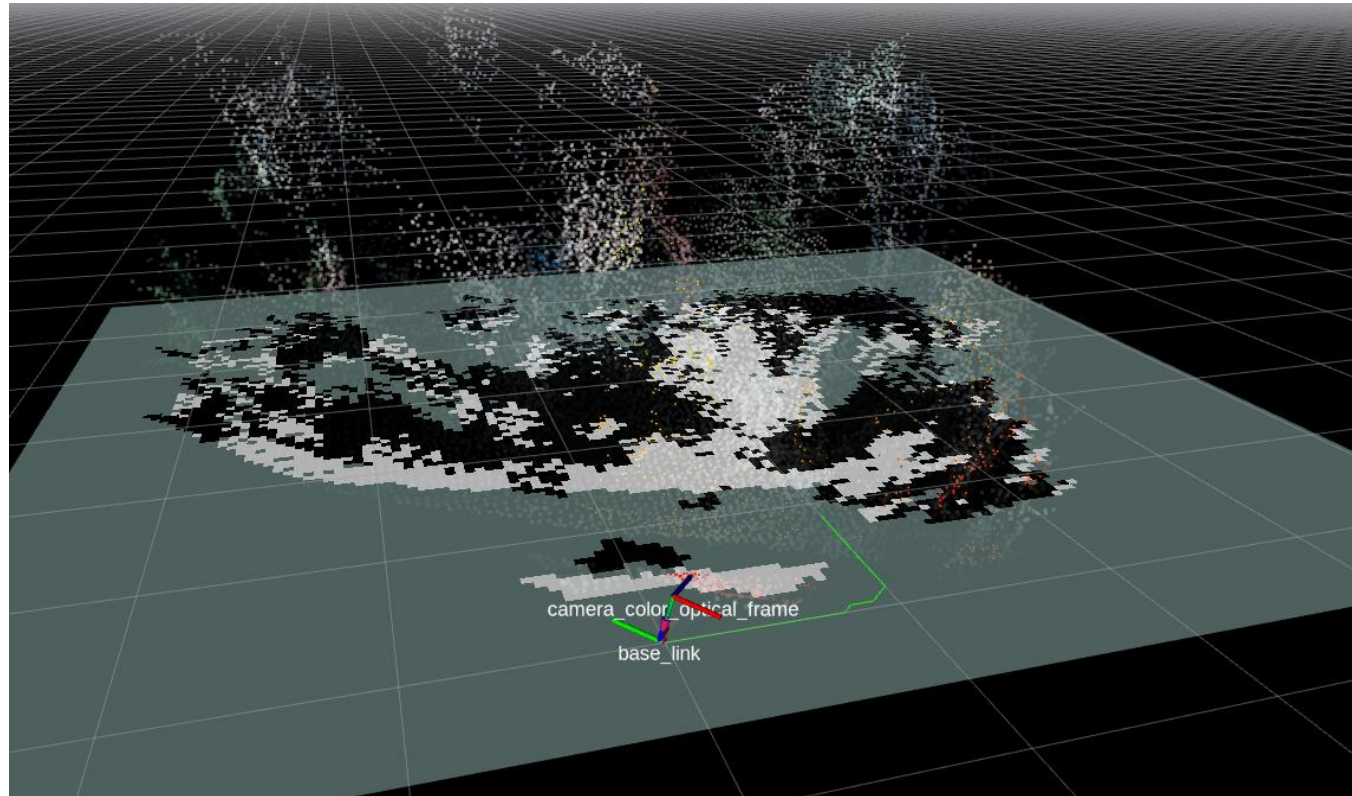
Category	Name	Available	Notes
Hardware	Intel NUC (i7)	✓	On Board Computer RGBD camera + IMU Communication manager Steer and drive control Wheel actuators Pan-Tilt actuator
	Intel RealSense D435i	✓	
	Body PCB	✗	
	Bogie PCB	✗	
	Faulhaber 2619 006 SR	✓	
	Hitec HS-422 Deluxe	✓	
Navigation	RealSense tools	✓	Camera driver, depth sensing SLAM framework Internal tool for autonomous navigation
	RTABmap	✓	
	RM-Autonav	✗	
Infrastructure	Links-and-Nodes	✓	Platform-agnostic process manager Robot middleware State Machine graphical Interface Internal CI/CD manager
	ROS Melocid	✓	
	RAFCON	✓	
	Cissy	✗	

✗ = not yet available, but foreseen in the near future to be released

✗ = not available, but can be substituted by other open-source components

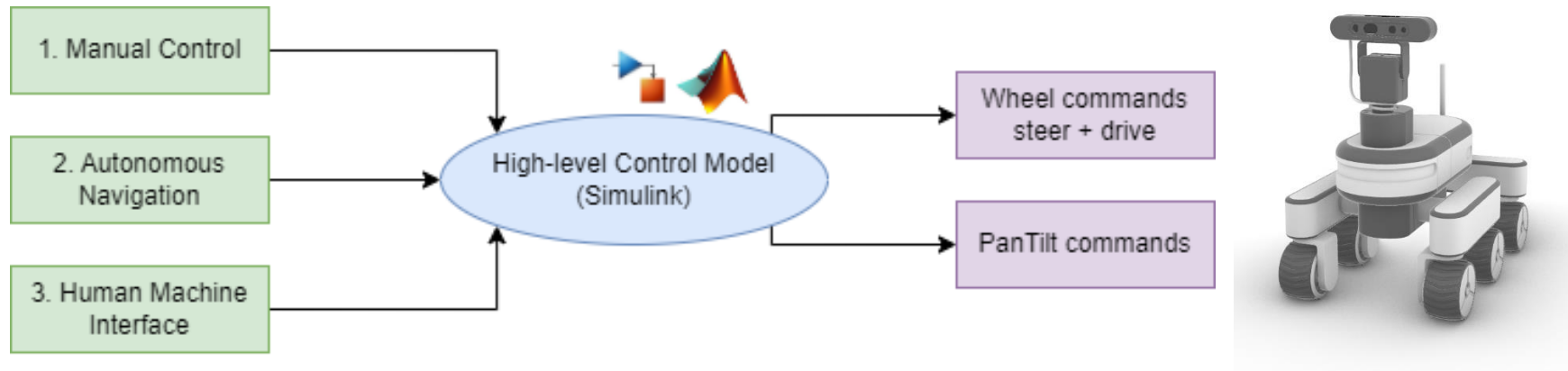


# Operations and Control



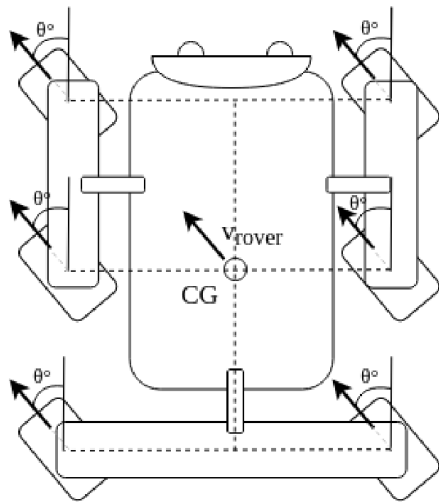


# Operations and Control | High-level control

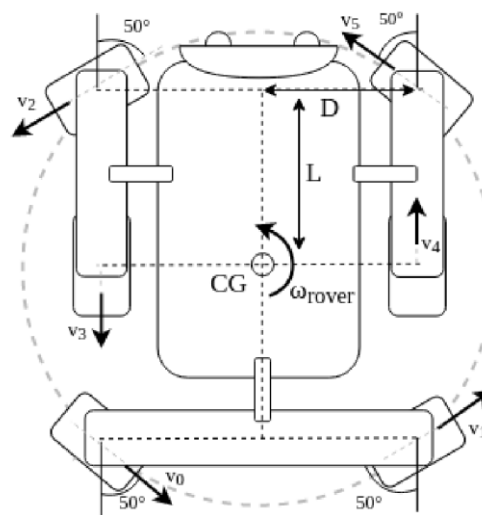


# Operations and Control | Driving modes

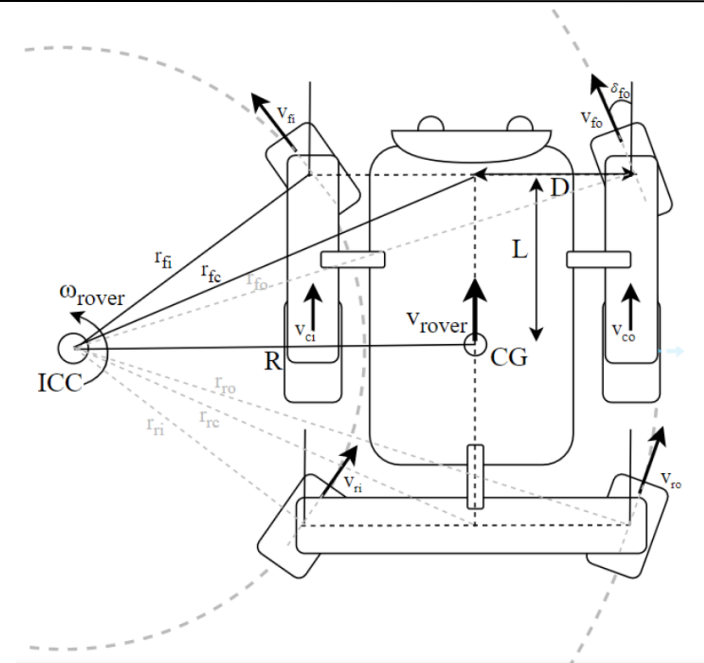
*Crabwalk mode*



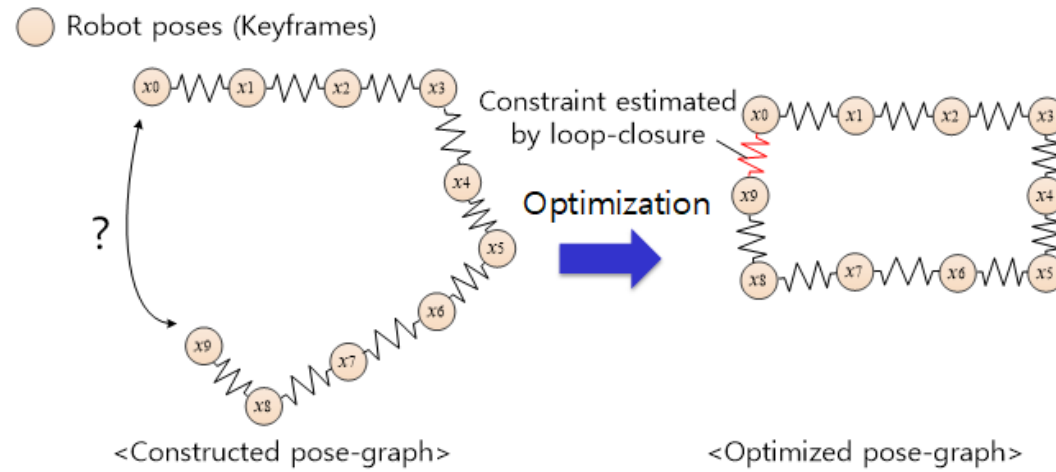
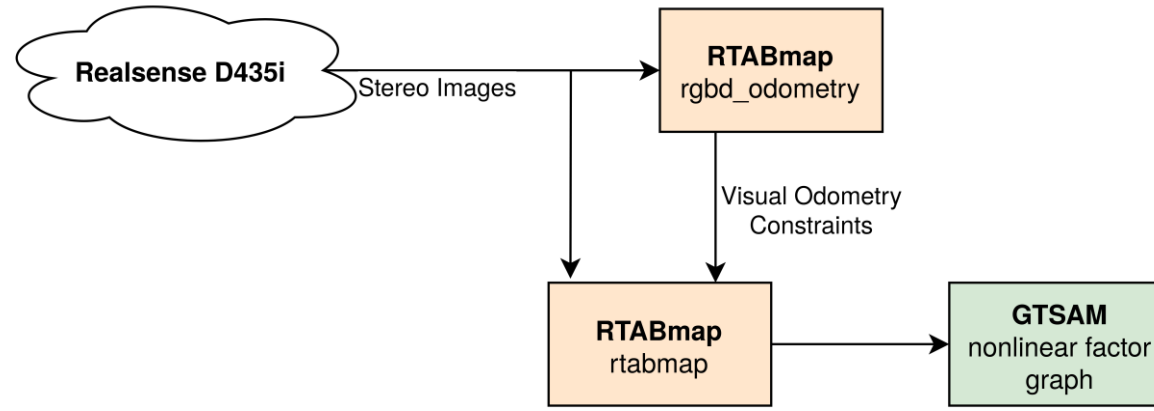
*Rotation mode*



*Ackermann Steering mode*



# Operations and Control | Localisation and Mapping



Pose Graph optimisation with loop closures <sup>3</sup>

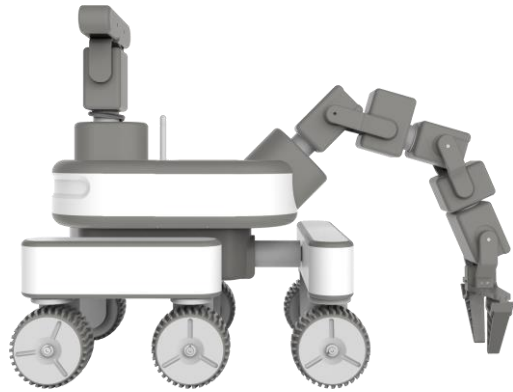


# Developments

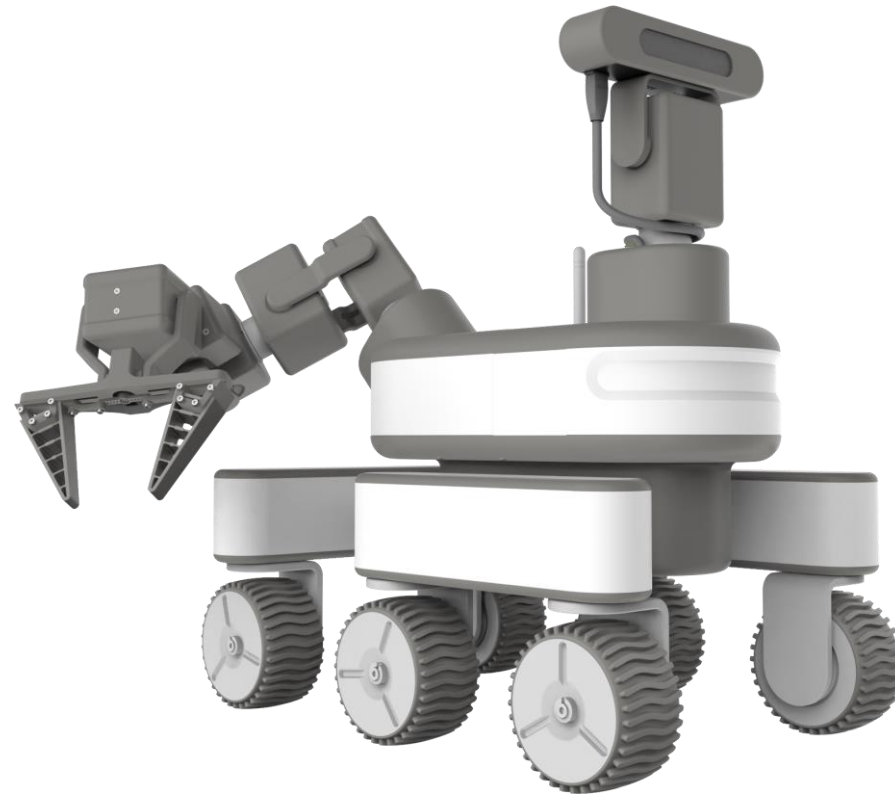


# Developments | Robotic Arm

- *Designing a robotic arm for environment manipulation*



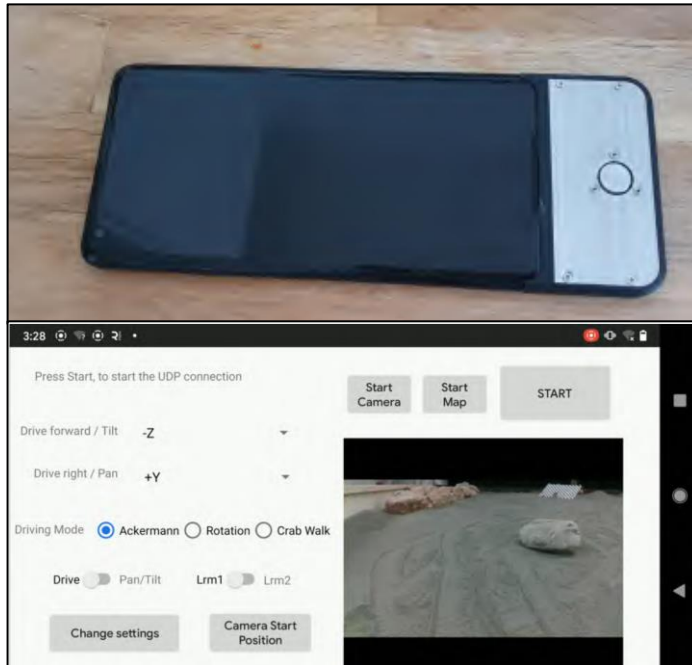
RAFCON Mission planning <sup>1</sup>





## Developments | Human Machine Interface

- *Development of a human machine interface on a smartphone*



*Top: smartphone with 6DoF SpaceMouse  
Bottom: control app for manual operation*

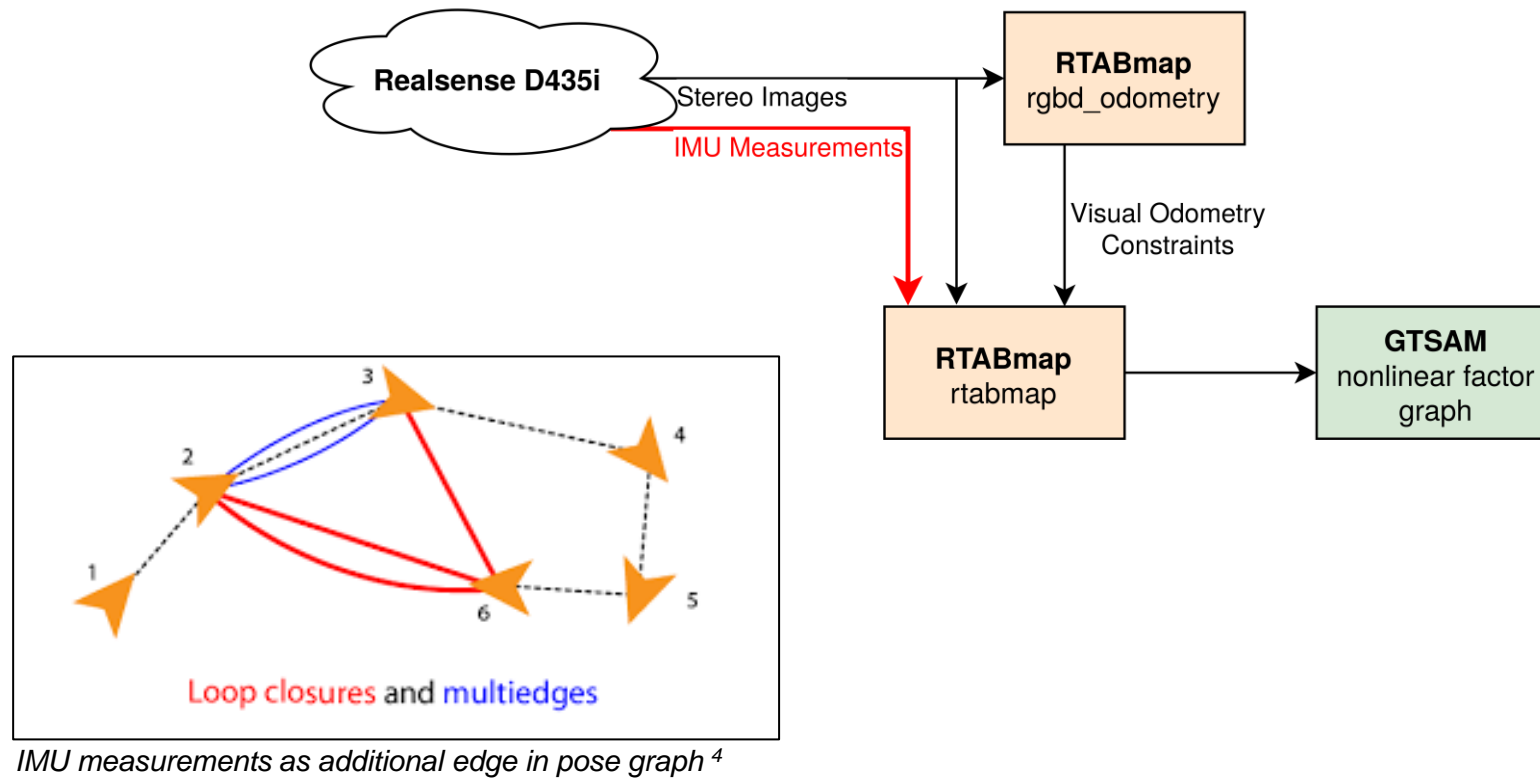


*SHERP, DLR <sup>5</sup>*



# Developments | Sensor Fusion for SLAM

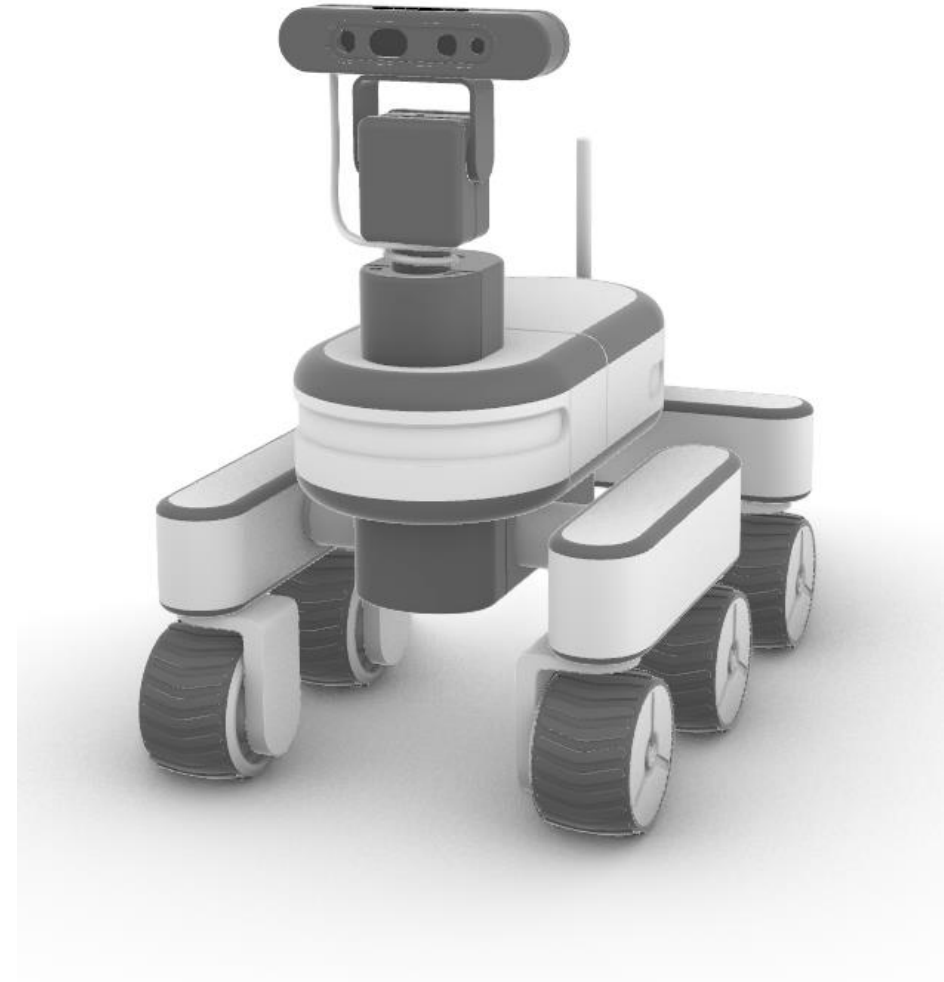
- Increasing the accuracy of SLAM by incorporating IMU measurements



# Conclusion

*Software testing and development platform:*

- 1. High-end modular RMC software framework*
- 2. Low-cost and in the future accessible to all*



# References

1. "Towards Autonomous Planetary Navigation: The Lightweight Rover Unit (LRU), its succes in the SpaceBotCamp Challenge, and Beyond", <https://elib.dlr.de/116749/1/s10846-017-0680-9.pdf>
2. "ExoMy: A low-cost 3D printed rover", <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/isairas2020fullpapers/pdf/5044.pdf>
3. "Loop Closure using Pose Graph", <https://sites.google.com/a/korea.ac.kr/intelligent-robot-laboratory/research/navigation/visual-slam?tmpl=%2Fsystem%2Fapp%2Ftemplates%2Fprint%2F&showPrintDialog=1>
4. "Pose Graphs", <https://de.mathworks.com/help/nav/ref/posegraph.html>
5. "Robotische DLR-Fahrzeuge sollen künftig gefährliche Lieferungen für das World Food Programme übernehmen", [https://www.dlr.de/de/aktuelles/nachrichten/2020/04/20201021\\_ferngesteuert-durch-krisenregionen](https://www.dlr.de/de/aktuelles/nachrichten/2020/04/20201021_ferngesteuert-durch-krisenregionen)
6. "RAFCON", <https://github.com/DLR-RM/RAFCON>

